What to do today

1. Read a Newspaper Article
   • Read the Newspaper Article: *Pupils Protest Over New Uniform Rules*.
   • Write notes about the article, to answer the questions *Who, When, Where, What and Why*.

2. Revise using commas to separate clauses or phrases
   • Use the *Revision Card* to remind you about using commas to separate phrase and clauses.
   • Complete *For and Against School Uniform 1 and 2*, practising using commas to separate phrase or clauses.

3. Now for some writing
   • Read the *Writing Brief* and try writing two paragraphs: one to argue for school uniform and one to argue against it.

Try the Fun-Time Extra

• Research the different school uniforms of schools in your area (Primary and Secondary). Which have the biggest differences? Which do you think is best? Why?
• If your parent or carers says you may, watch this about the top ten strangest school uniforms:
  [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6t6_CaeN2OQ](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6t6_CaeN2OQ)
Pupils Protest Over New Uniform Rule

On the 6th September, police were called to Priory School in Lewes, East Sussex, after around 150 parents and pupils protested against a new school-uniform rule.

What is the new rule?
The rule requires all students, whether they are girls or boys, to wear trousers. Skirts are not allowed. This had previously only applied to students who had joined the school since 2017, but now it applies to all pupils. In a statement, Priory School said any students who didn't follow the new rule would be sent home and asked to change, before returning to school. One pupil, called Nina Cullen, wasn't allowed into the building after she arrived wearing a skirt.

Why was the rule introduced?
Priory School said it introduced the rule in response to concerns that the girls' skirts were too short. The school also said it was brought in to make the uniforms gender neutral, which means students wouldn't be expected to wear a certain uniform based on whether they are boys or girls. A spokesperson for Priory School said that the new rule would also help students focus on their school work.

What are the arguments against it?
Some students say it is unfair on girls because they now have to buy new uniforms. Others argue that it is wasteful because pupils in their final year of school will have to buy a brand-new uniform, which they'll only wear for a few months. It's also been argued that the new uniforms aren't actually gender neutral, because the school isn't allowing boys to wear skirts. Libby Murray, a student at Priory School, told the BBC, "To make it gender neutral they have to let everyone wear skirts or trousers and have that choice".

What has the response been?
Around 150 parents and students gathered outside the school gates with signs such as: "A new uniform for nine months Is not sustainable". The police attended the protest, but no arrests were made. The Member of Parliament (MP) for Lewes, Maria Caulfield, tweeted that she was "very disturbed" to see girls turned away for choosing to wear a skirt.

From The Week Junior – 14th September 2019
Who, Where, When, What and Why?

Read the newspaper article and make notes about the answers to the questions here.

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Revision Card – Commas separating clauses or phrases

Commas

Commas are used to clarify meaning

To separate some clauses or phrases, e.g. a fronted adverbial

To separate items in a list or several words in a description

Commas separate clauses or phrases

Remember!

A clause has an active verb.
A phrase does not!

We need a comma when...

the extra clause or phrase is at the front of the sentence

the clause or phrase is embedded within the sentence

Although police attended the protest, no arrests were made.

In a statement, Priory school said pupils who didn’t follow the rule would be sent home.

One pupil, called Nina Cullen, was not allowed in the building.

Commas separate clauses or phrases

We need a comma when...

the extra clause or phrase is at the front of the sentence

the clause or phrase is embedded within the sentence

when she heard the news the local MP Maria Caulfield tweeted that she was very disturbed ✗

When she heard the news, the local MP, Maria Caulfield, tweeted that she was very disturbed. ✓
For and Against School Uniform

The clauses and phrases in these argument points have been marked with colour. Sort them into For/Against and write them out, using commas to mark the clauses and phrases.

1. **Since uniform is smarter** it creates a good working ethos.
2. **To be independent** children should choose their own clothes.
3. **When out of school** school uniform helps children to be recognised.
4. **In the real world** very few jobs require a uniform.
5. **Uniforms because they restrict choice** save parents money.
6. **Some uniform items such as blazers** can be expensive to buy and difficult to wash.
For and Against School Uniform 2

• Decide where in the sentence to put the extra clause or phrase.
• Write your new sentence out in a For/Against column
• Make sure you punctuate your sentence properly.

1. a uniform emphasises similarities between students

    because it is the same for everyone

2. schools can still insist on certain standards of dress

    even without a uniform

3. the sense of pride means students work harder

    which is created by a uniform

4. children are prepared for being smart at work

    by wearing uniform

5. children should be allowed to express themselves

    since they are individuals

6. children will need other clothes.

    in the evenings and at weekends
Here are some bullet point notes about points for and against school uniform.
  • might increase student safety
  • restrict freedom of expression
  • may deter crime
  • focus pupils on school not clothes
  • prevent students from expressing individuality
  • do not stop bullying
  • enhance pride and community spirit
  • might improve attendance and discipline
  • are not popular with students
  • parents have to buy expensive items

Extend these clauses and phrases into sentences and organise them into For/Against.

  • Make some of your sentences include extra clauses or phrases
  • You might add an adverbial at the beginning. (e.g. Incredibly, Amazingly, Surprisingly, Clearly, Sadly etc)
  • You could combine two or more facts into one sentence
  • Remember to use commas to keep the meaning clear
Writing – For and Against School Uniform
For and Against School Uniform - *Answers*

**FOR**

1. Since uniform is smarter, it creates a good working ethos.
2. When out of school, school uniform helps children to be recognised.
3. Uniforms, because they restrict choice, save parents money.

**AGAINST**

1. To be independent, children should choose their own clothes.
2. In the real world, very few jobs require a uniform.
3. Some uniforms, such as blazers, can be expensive to buy and difficult to wash.

**FOR**

1. Because it is the same for everyone, a uniform emphasises similarities between students.
2. The sense of pride, which is created by a uniform, means students work harder.
3. By wearing a uniform, children are prepared for being smart at work.

**AGAINST**

1. Even without a uniform, schools can still insist on certain standards of dress.
2. Since they are individuals, children should be allowed to express themselves.
3. In the evenings and at weekends, children will need other clothes.