POLICY AND PROCEDURE FOR ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION AND FIRST AID AT SCHOOL

Reviewed: Spring 2016
POLICY STATEMENT:
‘At James Brindley Community Primary School we believe that everyone has the right to be happy, safe and respected in a friendly, stimulating environment. We promote high standards of teaching and learning with clear expectations of courtesy and behaviour. We value individuality and encourage all to achieve their full potential. Through working together and open communication we strive to prepare children to succeed in society.’

Introduction
There are an increasing number of children attending mainstream schools with medical conditions. Schools, acting in loco parentis, have a duty to take reasonable care of children which includes the possibility of having to administer medicines and/or prescribed drugs. This may be required by pupils for regular medication or those requiring occasional dispensing of medicines. The school will make every effort to safeguard the health and safety of those pupils who may be more at risk than their peers due to existing medical conditions.

Management and Organisation
When medicines are to be administered in school it is essential that safe procedures are established which are acceptable to appropriate school staff involved. It is essential that clear written instructions are supplied by parents when requesting that medication be administered to their child. Parents should always complete a form available from the school office giving the child’s name and class, clear instructions on the dose to be administered to the child, the time to be given and for what period. Medication must be in its original packaging including the prescriber’s instructions. Only the prescribed/recommended dose will be administered, this cannot be changed unless written instructions are given from a medical professional. The form should be signed by the parent or guardian and retained in the school office for reference by staff involved.

In cases where the child’s medical needs may be greater than those of their peers, the Headteacher may request that an individual Healthcare Plan be prepared if applicable by the school Nurse. In such cases, consultations on the Plan will include the school, health service practitioners (i.e. school nurse) and the parents/guardians. This will also clarify the extent of responsibility taken by the school.

The Headteacher will be responsible for managing the administration of medicines and drugs with the agreement of named members of staff. Staff should be able to act safely and promptly in an emergency situation, as well as with the routine administration of medicines. Members of staff will be asked to volunteer to be involved in the administration of medication. Only those members of staff who have current First Aid qualifications will be required to act in an emergency. Other members of staff who are willing to dispense medicines to pupils i.e. Teaching Assistants, Class Teacher, Office staff, should be advised of the correct procedure for each pupil by the Headteacher.

It is the responsibility of the Headteacher to ensure that new members of staff receive appropriate training. Parents and staff should be kept informed of the school’s arrangements for the administration of medicines and drugs and will be informed of any changes in these procedures.
A record should be kept of all the medicines and drugs administered by the members of staff responsible on the bottom of the administration of medicines form. Children recovering from a short-term illness/infection who are clearly unwell should not be in school and the Headteacher can request that parents or carers keep the pupil at home if necessary. In the case of chronic illness or disability, i.e. asthma, diabetes, syndromes such as ADHD etc. pupils may need to take prescribed drugs or medicines on a regular basis during school hours in order to lead a normal life within a mainstream school setting. Only those members of staff already named should administer the medication and a record kept. Staff will not under any circumstances administer drugs by injection and parents would be expected to attend to the pupil in school hours in such cases.

**School Trips**
It is the part of the Inclusion Policy of the school that all pupils should be encouraged to take part in school trips wherever safety permits. It may be that the school would need to take additional safety measures for outdoor visits and staff supervising outings must be aware of any medical needs of such pupils and of the relevant emergency procedures. An additional adult (or the particular parent) may need to accompany visits where a difficult situation might arise.

**Taking Medication on School Trips**
It may be necessary to take medication for pupils on a school trip, i.e. Epipen, Inhalers or Epilepsy emergency medication. This medication must be logged in and out of school. It may also be necessary to take copies of any relevant care plans in case of emergency. Emergency medication must be taken on all trips, even where a trained member of staff is not present. In this case medication should be given to the paramedics to administer when necessary.

**Inhalers for Asthma**
The inhaler should be given to the class teacher and kept within the classroom along with written instructions. **It is the responsibility of the parent to ensure that the inhalers are renewed and that the medication has not exceeded its expiry date. All inhalers should be collected at the end of the school year. (Please see separate Asthma policy).**

**Antibiotics**
Pupils who are prescribed antibiotics can often recover very quickly and may well be fit enough to return to school, but it may also be essential that the full course of medication should be completed. In this case, the Headteacher is willing for named staff to administer the antibiotics supplied by the parent or carer. A Permission to Dispense form should always be completed giving full instructions for administration of the medicine. **It is the responsibility of the parent to ensure that the medication is collected each day and is not out of date.**

**Diabetes**
The school will monitor pupils with Diabetes in accordance with their care plan. Blood sugar results will be recorded daily and noted accordingly. Pupils with diabetes must not be left unattended if feeling unwell, or sent to the office unaccompanied. Sharps boxes should always be used for the disposal of needles. Sharp boxes can be obtained by parents / carers from the child’s GP or Paediatrician and returned to the parents/carers when full for replacement.

**Maintenance Drugs**
A child may be on daily medication for a medical condition that requires a dose during the school day. As with all other medicines a form should be completed giving clear instructions to staff at the school. A record of all doses administered will be kept.

**Unusual Medications**
In the case of unusual prescribed medicines, i.e. use of an Epipen, this will be at the discretion of the Headteacher and Governors. In all cases, proper training will be provided by the Child Health service and parents will need to complete a Medication form accepting responsibility.
In cases of eczema or skin conditions it will be expected that the child will be able to use the cream/lotion on their own.

**Nut Allergies/Anaphylaxis Procedures**
Medication for the treatment of nut allergies will be kept in easily identifiable containers in the school office or individual classrooms. Each container should be clearly labelled with the child’s name and class.

**Emergency Procedures**
In the case of emergency, the school will call an ambulance and contact the parents. When conditions require immediate emergency treatment, trained staff may volunteer to administer medication or emergency procedures such as resuscitation. Staff should never take children to hospital in their own car - it is safer to call an ambulance. A member of staff should always accompany a child taken to hospital by ambulance and should stay until the parent/carer arrives.
In all cases, administration of medication and/or treatment to a pupil will be at the discretion of the Headteacher and Governors of the school. However, ultimate responsibility remains with the parents/carers.

**Hygiene and Infection Control**
All staff should be familiar with normal precautions for avoiding infection and follow basic hygiene procedures. Staff should have access to protective disposable gloves and take care when dealing with blood or other bodily fluids and disposing of dressings or equipment.

**Storage of Medication**
All medication must be stored in the school office or the staffroom fridge (depending on prescriber’s instructions.) Epipens and Inhalers should be readily available in the child’s
classroom and not locked away. The children who require Epipens/ inhalers will be clearly recorded in their classroom to ensure new staff or visiting staff are made aware of who they are.

**Disposal of Medicines**
Staff should not dispose of medicines. Parents are responsible for ensuring that date expired medicines are returned to a Pharmacy for safe disposal.

**Summary of Procedure to Dispense Medication**
- Permission to dispense medication form **must** be completed by the parent / carer.
- Medicine must be in original packaging clearly marked with name of child, class and dose to be administered.
- Recommended / prescribed dose will **not** be exceeded without written permission from a medical professional.
- It will be the parent / carers responsibility to collect medication at the end of each school day where necessary.
- Medication being taken out of school on trips or visits must be logged in and out with the school office and be the responsibility of a member of staff at all times.

Date of Policy 22.6.14 KF