Guide to managing children's screen time

**Effect on behaviour**
Constant use of a device and features like auto-play on platforms can be habit forming and encourage children be spend longer on screens.

**Effect on sleep**
Blue light from phones can trick the brain into thinking it's still daylight making it difficult to sleep.

**Effect on the brain**
Screens can have a drug-like effect on the children’s brains which can make them more anxious. It can make children more forgetful as they rely on things like Google, GPS and calendar alerts to look up information.

What are the benefits?

- Gives children access to a wealth of information to build their knowledge
- Technology takes away physical barriers to social connections to make children less isolated
- Exposure to tech has proven to improve children's learning and development
- Online games and activities enhance teamwork and creativity
10 tips to get in control with your child’s screen time

1. Set a good example with your own device use
2. Have discussions about the risks that they may face based on their online activities
3. Put in place a family agreement and agree an appropriate length of time they can use their device
4. Help them build critical thinking to understand that some features on platforms are design to keep you watching or playing
5. Encourage them to switch off auto-play on platform to remove the temptation to binge on programmes
6. Use tech tools and parental control to manage the time they spend online and the apps they use
7. Get the whole family to unplug and create ‘screen free’ zones at home
8. Together find apps, site and games that will help children explore their passions and make screen time active
9. For younger children find ways to combine touch screen use with creative and active play
10. Encourage children to self-regulate the time they spend online and the activity they do to ensure they are having a positive impact on their wellbeing